Pepyseneb

IMPACT ID: IMP00087

Institution: Boston Museum of Fine Arts

Designation: 25.1513

Date of Acquisition: 1923

Contact: Debra Lakind

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Image Modality:

Country: Egypt

Site: Sheikh Farag

<u>Time Period</u>: Late Old Kingdom to First Intermediate Period

Dynasty: Unknown

Date: 2323 BCE - 2040 BCE

Sex: Unknown

Age: Unknown

Background:

This thickly wrapped mummy is that of Pepyseneb, an official during the 9th Dynasty in Egpyt (Buckley, 2001). The mummy of Pepyseneb was discovered within tomb 5114 shaft C at the site of Sheikh Farag during the 1923 Harvard University-Boston Museum of Fine Arts Expedition (Museum of Fine Arts, n.d.). Pepyseneb was granted to the Boston Museum of Fine Arts by decision of the Egyptian government and was accessioned on December 1, 1923 (Museum of Fine Arts, n.d.). Though slightly damaged, the mummy remains wrapped within the original linen wrappings and is accompanied by a painted cartonnage mask. The individual rests on their left side as they previously did within their coffin (Museum of Fine Arts).

Pathological Features:

There is not much recorded on the pathological features of Pepyseneb. However, CT scans taken of the individual have shown no evidence for brain removal (Buckley, 2001).



Figure 1. The mummy of Pepyseneb at the Boston Museum of Fine Arts (Museum of Fine Arts, n.d.).

Resources

Buckley, S. A. 2001. Chemical Investigations of the Organic Embalming Agents Employed in Ancient Egyptian Mummification. Thesis. University of Bristol. Available from: https://research-information.bris.ac.uk/files/34498395/396674.pdf

Museum of Fine Arts. n.d. Mummy and funerary mask of Pepyseneb, called Ity . Boston Museum of Fine Arts. Available from: <u>https://collections.mfa.org/objects/137166</u>

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